# DT AT THE GROVE

#### INTENT

"Good buildings come from good people, and all problems are solved by good design." Stephen Gardiner

At the Grove, design and technology has a key part to play in our cross-curricular approach to learning and draws on a variety of curriculum areas such as science, computing, maths, art and engineering. Design and technology is taught throughout the year and children will leave the Grove being able to inventively think outside the box and use their ingenuity to creatively solve real world problems.

Design and technology is often brought to life through taking part in national competitions. The children love a challenge. Designing, making, testing, evaluating and improving their products for a real competition or situation results in some fantastic creations.

Children's skills are developed through creativity where they design, make and evaluate products to solve real and relevant problems. They have to take the context into consideration as well as the wants and needs of themselves and others, often drawing on inspiration from famous inventors. Children explore a variety of techniques and skills, from making structures stronger to using mechanisms, such as levers and sliders. They investigate and analyse existing products to make prototypes and then consider improvements to their designs before making their own final creations.

Cooking and nutrition is also an important part of design and technology. The children learn about a balanced diet and making healthy lifestyle choices, resulting in strong cross-curricular links with PE. Children are taught key food technology skills, from putting together fruit kebabs to making bread, building up life skills ready for when they leave the Grove and later on in life.

Many aspects of design technology can be found in the Mini and Junior Duke Awards which the children at the Grove participate in. The children complete challenges to build independence and life skills preparing them for life after school.



#### **IMPLEMENTATION**

Our curriculum is built around deep thinking and encourages learners to use a question as the starting point, considering different avenues for further research. They do this through exploring, talking about, testing and developing ideas about everyday phenomena and the relationships between living things and familiar environments, and by beginning to develop their ideas about functions, relationships and interactions. They ask their own questions about what they observe and make some decisions about

which types of scientific enquiry are likely to be the best ways of answering them, including observing changes over time, noticing patterns, grouping and classifying things, carrying out simple comparative and fair tests and finding things out using secondary sources of information. They draw simple conclusions and use scientific language to talk and write about what they have found out.

Each knowledge topic is planned to retrieve knowledge previously covered and then follow our 4 stage sequence of teaching; ignite and inspire, deep practice, mastery and showcase. KSI cover: textiles, mechanical systems, structures and food and nutrition. KS2 cover: textiles, mechanical systems, structures, food and nutrition, electrical systems and programming, monitoring and control. We ensure that learning is progressive and continuous.

Each DT topic begins with a design brief/hook to inspire a sense of excitement and curiosity for children – ignite and inspire. Teachers check on what children already know and then invite children to think of their own questions. During deep practice, the children begin by exploring existing products to support their initial designs before making their own product to match agreed success criteria. Completed products are evaluated by the design criteria and children consider how improvements could be made. Across both key stages, technical knowledge is embedded throughout the Design, Make and Evaluate process. Children will be supported through the mastery stage of the teaching sequence. Children will then have the opportunity to showcase their learning. This stage provides children with an opportunity to share their learning more widely with other children and parents through a variety of means e.g. learning presentations, talks, report writing etc.

Memorable knowledge and skills have been identified for each of the units to provide progressive acquisition of knowledge. This is supported by the use of 'sticky vocabulary and sticky knowledge' which are displayed on subject specific knowledge organisers. Teachers regularly refer to this knowledge and key vocabulary with meanings so that it 'sticks'. This enables children to readily apply knowledge and vocabulary.



DT learning is loved by teachers and children across school. The successful approach to the teaching of DT at The Grove School will result in a fun, engaging, high quality science education, that provides children with the foundations for understanding the world that they can take with them once they complete their primary education.

Assessment at The Grove School uses informal strategies (verbal/written outcomes, reflection tasks/presentations, retrieval practice games and activities).

Formative assessment is used as the main tool for assessing the impact of DT at The Grove School as it allows for misconceptions and gaps to be addressed more immediately rather than building on insecure foundations.

Children at The Grove School will:

- demonstrate a love of DT and an interest in further study and work in this field.
- retain knowledge that is pertinent to DT with a real life context.
- be able to question ideas and reflect on knowledge.
- be able to articulate their understanding of DT and discuss products using rich technical knowledge when describing the Design, Make and Evaluate process.

- work collaboratively and practical to create a product against design criteria.
- demonstrate their love of DT and the development of their skills through their final products.
- achieve age related expectations in DT at the end of their cohort year.

# DT LONG TERM PLAN SHOWING KNOWLEDGE PROGRESSION

EYFS To be Year I ready, children in Foundation Stage will know:	How to choose the resources they need for their chosen activities.  How to handle equipment and tools effectively.  The importance for good health of a healthy diet  How to safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function.						
	How to use what they have learnt aboat uses and purposes.  How to represent their own ideas, the	oughts and feelings through design and	d technology				
YEAR	AUTUMN TERM	SPRING TERM	SUMMER TERM				
Year I and 2	Structures	Mechanical	Food				
Year A	Freestanding weight bearing	Sliders and Levers	Fruit Smoothies				
By the end of KSI,	bridges						
children will have the							
following knowledge:							
Year I and 2	Textiles	Mechanical	Food				
Year B	Templates and joining techniques	Wheels and axles	Vegetable salad				
By the end of KSI,							
children will have the							
following knowledge:							

Year 3 and 4 Year A By the end of LKS2, children will have the following knowledge:	Textiles 2D shape to 3D product	Food Healthy and varied diet	Structures Shell structures
Year 3 and 4 Year B By the end of LKS2, children will have the following knowledge:	Mechanical Levers and linkages	Food Healthy and varied diet	Electrical Systems Simple circuits and switches
Year 5 and 6 Year A	Textiles Combining different fabric shapes	Food and Nutrition Celebrating culture and seasonality	Structures Frame structures
By the end of UKS2, children will have the following knowledge:		<b>з</b> еазопан <b>с</b> у	
Year 5 and 6 Year B By the end of UKS2, children will have the following knowledge:	Mechanical Cams	Food and Nutrition Celebrating culture and seasonality	Electrical Systems Monitoring Control

Early Years	Prior Knowledge	Technical Knowledge	Knowledge of Skills	Next Steps	Assessment
Textiles –		Know how cut using a	DESIGN		
Christmas		pair of scissors.	Know what they		
stocking			want to make and		
		Know the vocabulary:	talk about it.		
Food – Fruit		Plan, draw, ideas, design,	Know they can		
Kebab		make, build, join, shape,	choose the		
		tools, complete,	resources they need		
Food – Vegetable		product, final, change,	for their chosen		
Kebab		like, dislike, next time,	activities.		
		different.	Know what they		
Structures –			have learnt about		
Create something			media and materials		
that the children			and relate to uses		
have to design,			and purposes.		
make and			Know the		
evaluate.			importance for		
			good health of a		
			healthy diet.		
			MAKE		
			Know how to safely		
			use and explore a		
			variety of materials,		
			tools and techniques,		
			experimenting with		
			colour, design,		
			texture, form and		
			function.		
			Know how to		
			concentrate and		
			keep trying if they		
			encounter difficulties.		
			EVALUATE		

	Know how to represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through design and technology Know they can be excited about what they have made and say what they like about it.	

	Prior Knowledge	Technical Knowledge	Knowledge of Skills	Next steps	Assessment
Year I-2	DESIGN	STRUCTURES - Know	DESIGN	DESIGN	
	Know what they want to	how to build structures,	Know how to generate	Know how to generate	
Structures –	make and talk about it.	exploring how they can	ideas by drawing on	ideas, considering the	
Three Billy Goats	Know they can choose the	be made stronger, stiffer	their own and other	purposes for which	
Gruff (Free	resources they need for	and more stable	people's experiences.	they are designing.	
standing weight	their chosen activities.		Know how to develop	Know how to make	
bearing bridge)	Know the importance for	STRUCTURES - Know	their design ideas	labelled drawings from	
	good health of a healthy	the vocabulary: cut, fold,	through discussion,	different views showing	
Mechanical	diet.	join, fix structure, wall,	observation, drawing	specific features.	
Systems – moving	Know what they have	framework, weak,	and modelling.	Know how to develop	
thank you card	learnt about media and	strong, base, top,	Know how to identify a	a clear idea of what has	
for Father	materials and relate to uses	underneath, side, edge,	purpose for what they	to be done, planning	
Christmas	and purposes.	surface, thinner, thicker,	intend to design and	how to use materials,	
(Sliders and		corner, point, straight,	make.	equipment and	
levers)	MAKE	curved, metal, wood,	Know how to identify	processes, and	
	Know how to safely use	plastic circle, triangle,	simple design criteria.	suggesting alternative	
Mechanical	and explore a variety of	square, rectangle,	Know how to make	methods of making, if	
systems – wheelie	materials, tools and	cuboid, cube, cylinder	simple drawings and	the first attempts fail.	
trolley for	techniques, experimenting		label parts.	Know how to evaluate	
Cinderella's glass	with	MECHANICAL	Know that all food	products and identify	
slipper (wheels	colour, design, texture,	SYSTEMS - Know how	comes from plants	criteria that can be	
and axles)	form and function.	to explore and use	or animals.	used for their own	
	Know how to concentrate	mechanisms (sliders,	Know that food has	designs.	
Food – Fruit	and keep trying if they	levers, wheels and axles)	to be farmed, grown	Know that food is	
smoothies	encounter difficulties.	in their products.	elsewhere (e.g.	grown (such as	
			home) or caught.	tomatoes, wheat	
Food –	EVALUATE	MECHANICAL		and potatoes),	
vegetable salad	Know how to represent	SYSTEMS - Know the	MAKE	reared (such as pigs,	
	their own ideas, thoughts	vocabulary: slider, lever,	Begin to know how to	chickens	
Textiles –	and feelings through design	pivot, slot, bridge/guide,	select tools and	and cattle) and	
placemats	and technology	card, masking tape,	materials; use vocab' to	caught (such as fish)	
(Templates and	Know they can be excited	paper fastener, join, pull,	name and describe	in the UK, Europe	
joining	about what they have made	push, up, down, straight,	them.	and the wider	
techniques)		curve, forwards,		world.	

and say what they like backwards, fix, wind up, Know how to measure. about it. wheel, axle, chassis. cut and score with MAKE Know how to select some accuracy. FOOD - Know the Know how to use hand appropriate tools and vocabulary: fruit and tools safely and techniques for making their product vegetable names, names appropriately. of equipment and Know how to Know how to utensils sensory assemble, join and measure, mark out, cut vocabulary e.g. soft, combine materials in and shape a range of order to make a materials, using juicy, crunchy, sweet, sticky, smooth, sharp, appropriate tools, product. Know how to choose crisp, sour, hard flesh, equipment and skin, seed, pip, core, and use appropriate techniques. slicing, peeling, cutting, finishing techniques Know how to join and squeezing, healthy diet, Know how to follow combine materials and choosing, ingredients, safe procedures for components accurately healthy, unhealthy, food safety and in temporary and preference, improve, hygiene. permanent ways future, original, toasting Know how to name Know how to sew and sort foods into using a range of times, amount, spreading technique, the five groups. different stitches. Know that everyone change weave and knit. should eat at least Know how to **TEXTILES - Know the** five portions of fruit measure, tape or pin, and vegetables vocabulary: wadding, cut and join fabric with needles, thread, tools, every day. some accuracy. fabrics and components, Know how to use Know how to use template, join, decorate, simple graphical techniques such as finish, running stitch. cutting, peeling and communication grating. techniques. Know how to **EVALUATE** prepare and cook a variety of Know how to evaluate against their design predominantly savoury dishes criteria.

	Know how to evaluate their products as they are developed, identifying strengths and possible changes they might make. Know how to talk about their ideas, saying what they like and dislike about them.  Know how to use a range of techniques such as peeling, chopping, slicing, grating, mixing, spreading, kneading and baking. Know that a healthy diet is made up from a variety and balance of different food and drink. Know that to be active and healthy, food and drink are needed to provide energy for the body.  EVALUATE Know how to evaluate their work both during and at the end of the assignment. Know how to evaluate their products carrying out appropriate tests.	
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	Prior Knowledge	Technical Knowledge	Knowledge of Skills	Next Steps	Assessment
Year 3-4	DESIGN	STRUCTURES - Know	DESIGN	DESIGN	
	Know how to generate	how to apply their	Know how to generate	Know how to generate	
Textiles –	ideas by drawing on their	understanding of how to	ideas, considering the	ideas through	
Swimming bag	own and other people's	strengthen, stiffen and	purposes for which	brainstorming and	
(2D Shape to a	experiences.	reinforce more complex	they are designing.	identify a purpose for	
3D product)	Know how to develop	structures.	Know how to make	their product.	
	their design ideas through		labelled drawings from	Know how to draw up	
Electrical Systems	discussion, observation,	STRUCTURES - Know	different views showing	a specification for their	
<ul> <li>Night light</li> </ul>	drawing and modelling.	the vocabulary:	specific features.	design.	
(simple circuits	Know how to identify a	structure, three-	Know how to develop	Know how to develop	
and switches)	purpose for what they	dimensional (3-D)	a clear idea of what has	a clear idea of what has	
	intend to design and make.	shape, net, cube, cuboid,	to be done, planning	to be done, planning	
Structures –	Know how to identify	prism, vertex, edge,	how to use materials,	how to use materials,	
Packaging for a	simple design criteria.	face, length, width,	equipment and	equipment and	
gift (shell	Know how to make simple	breadth, marking out,	processes, and	processes, and	
structures)	drawings and label parts.	scoring, shaping, tabs,	suggesting alternative	suggesting alternative	
	Know that all food	adhesives, joining,	methods of making, if	methods of making if	
Mechanical	comes from plants or	assemble, accuracy,	the first attempts fail.	the first attempts fail.	
Systems –	animals.	material, stiff, strong,	Know how to evaluate	Know how to use	
Greetings cards	Know that food has to	reduce, reuse, recycle,	products and identify	results of	
(Levers and	be farmed, grown	corrugating, decision,	criteria that can be	investigations,	
linkages)	elsewhere (e.g. home)		used for their own	information sources,	
	or caught.	MECHANICAL	designs.	including ICT when	
Food – Bread		SYSTEMS - Know how	Know that food is	developing design	
based product	MAKE	to use mechanical	grown (such as	ideas.	
with filling	Begin to know how to	systems in their	tomatoes, wheat	Know how to	
(Healthy and	select tools and materials;	products	and potatoes),	communicate their	
varied diet)	use vocab' to name and	(linkages/levers)	reared (such as pigs,	ideas through detailed	
	describe them.		chickens	labelled drawings.	
Food –	Know how to measure, cut	MECHANICAL	and cattle) and	Know how to develop	
Vegetable soup	and score with some	SYSTEMS - Know the	caught (such as fish)	a design specification.	
(Healthy and	accuracy.	vocabulary: mechanism,	in the UK, Europe	Know how to explore,	
varied diet)		lever, linkage, pivot, slot,	and the wider world.	develop and	
		bridge, guide system,		communicate aspects	

Know how to use hand tools safely and appropriately.

Know how to assemble, join and combine materials in order to make a product.

Know how to choose and use appropriate finishing techniques

Know how to follow safe procedures for food safety and hygiene. Know how to name and sort foods into the five groups.

Know that everyone should eat at least five portions of fruit and vegetables every day. Know how to use techniques such as cutting, peeling and grating.

### **EVALUATE**

Know how to evaluate against their design criteria. Know how to evaluate their products as they are developed, identifying strengths and possible changes they might make. Know how to talk about their ideas, saying what

input, process, output linear, rotary, oscillating, reciprocating

## **ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS**

- Know how to use electrical systems in their products (series circuits incorporating switches, buzzers)

### **ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS**

- Know the vocabulary: series circuit, fault, connection, toggle switch, push-to-make switch, push-to-break switch, battery, battery holder, bulb, bulb holder, wire, insulator, conductor, crocodile clip, control, program, system, input device, output device

FOOD - Know the vocabulary: ingredients, yeast, dough, bran, flour, wholemeal, unleavened, baking soda, spice, herbs fat, sugar, carbohydrate, protein, vitamins, nutrients, nutrition, healthy, varied, gluten, dairy, allergy,

### MAKE

Know how to select appropriate tools and techniques for making their product
Know how to measure, mark out, cut and shape a range of materials, using appropriate tools, equipment and techniques.
Know how to join and combine materials and

combine materials and components accurately in temporary and permanent ways Know how to sew using a range of different stitches, weave and knit. Know how to measure, tape or pin, cut and join fabric with some accuracy.

Know how to use simple graphical communication techniques.

Know how to prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes safely and hygienically of their design proposals by modelling their ideas in a variety of ways.

Know how to plan the order of their work, choosing appropriate materials, tools and techniques.

Know that seasons may affect the food available.
Know how food is

processed into ingredients that can be eaten or used in cooking.

### **MAKE**

Know how to select appropriate materials, tools and techniques. Know how to measure and mark out accurately. Know how to use skills in using different tools and equipment safely and accurately. Know how to cut and join with accuracy to ensure a good finish. Know how to select appropriate tools,

materials, components they like and dislike about intolerance, savoury, including, where them. source, seasonality appropriate, the use and techniques. utensils, combine, fold, of a heat source. Know how to knead, stir, pour, mix, Know how to use a assemble to make rubbing in, whisk, beat, range of techniques working models. such as peeling, roll out, shape, sprinkle, Know how to use chopping, slicing, tools safely and crumble accurately. grating, mixing, **TEXTILES - Know the** spreading, kneading Know how to and baking. vocabulary: hand-made, construct products using permanent machine made, fabric, Know that a healthy names of fabrics. diet is made up from joining techniques. a variety and fastening, button, Know how to make Velcro, drawstring, balance of different modifications as they structure, finishing food and drink. go along. Know how to pin, sew technique, strength, Know that to be active and healthy, and stitch materials weakness, templates, stitch, seam, seam food and drink are together create a allowance, template needed to provide product. energy for the body. Know how to achieve a quality product. **EVALUATE** Know how to weigh Know how to evaluate and measure their work both during accurately (time, and at the end of the dry ingredients, assignment. liquids) Know how to apply Know how to evaluate their products carrying the rules for basic out appropriate tests. food hygiene and other safe practices e.g. hazards relating to the use of ovens Know that recipes can be adapted to change the

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	Prior Knowledge	Technical Knowledge	Knowledge of Skills	Next Steps	Assessment
Year 5-6	DESIGN	STRUCTURES - Know	DESIGN	DESIGN	
	Know how to generate	how to apply their	Know how to generate	Know how to use	
Textiles –	ideas, considering the	understanding of how to	ideas through	research and	
Hanging	purposes for which they	strengthen, stiffen and	brainstorming and	exploration, such as	
stationary	are designing.	reinforce more complex	identify a purpose for	the study of different	
organiser	Know how to make	structures.	their product.	cultures, to identify	
(Combining	labelled drawings from		Know how to draw up	and understand user	
different fabric	different views showing	STRUCTURES - Know	a specification for their	needs.	
shapes)	specific features.	the vocabulary: frame	design.	Know how to identify	
	Know how to develop a	structure, stiffen,	Know how to develop	and solve their own	
Electrical Systems	clear idea of what has to be	strengthen, reinforce,	a clear idea of what has	design problems and	
<ul> <li>Electronic toy</li> </ul>	done, planning how to use	triangulation, stability,	to be done, planning	understand how to	
money box	materials, equipment and	shape, join, temporary,	how to use materials,	reformulate problems	
(Monitoring and	processes, and suggesting	permanent	equipment and	given to them.	
control)	alternative methods of		processes, and	Know how to develop	
	making, if the first attempts	MECHANICAL	suggesting alternative	specifications to inform	
Structures –	fail.	SYSTEMS - Know how	methods of making if	the design of	
Small-scale bird	Know how to evaluate	to use mechanical	the first attempts fail.	innovative, functional,	
hide (Frame	products and identify	systems in their	Know how to use	appealing products that	
structures)	criteria that can be used	products (cams/cogs)	results of investigations,	respond to needs in a	
	for their own designs.		information sources,	variety of situations.	
Mechanical	Know that food is	MECHANICAL	including ICT when	Know how to use a	
Systems – Moving	grown (such as	SYSTEMS - Know the	developing design ideas.	variety of approaches	
toys (cams)	tomatoes, wheat and	vocabulary: gear,	Know how to	[for example,	
	potatoes), reared (such	rotation, spindle, driver,	communicate their	biomimicry and user-	
Food - Yeast	as pigs, chickens	follower, ratio, transmit,	ideas through detailed	centred design], to	
based bread	and cattle) and caught	cam, cog, annotated	labelled drawings.	generate creative ideas	
roll	(such as fish) in the UK,	drawings, exploded	Know how to develop	and avoid stereotypical	
(Celebrating	Europe and the wider	diagrams, input, process,	a design specification.	responses.	
culture and	world.	output, crank	Know how to explore,	Know how to develop	
seasonality)			develop and	and communicate	
	MAKE	ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS	communicate aspects	design ideas using	
Food –	Know how to select	- Know how to apply	of their design	annotated sketches,	
Teachers	appropriate tools and	their understanding of	proposals by modelling	detailed plans, 3-D and	

# choice (Celebrating culture and seasonality)

techniques for making their product
Know how to measure, mark out, cut and shape a range of materials, using appropriate tools, equipment and techniques. Know how to join and combine materials and components accurately in temporary and permanent ways

Know how to sew using a range of different stitches, weave and knit.
Know how to measure, tape or pin, cut and join fabric with some accuracy.
Know how to use simple graphical communication techniques.

Know how to prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes safely and hygienically including, where appropriate, the use of a heat source. Know how to use a range of techniques such as peeling, chopping, slicing, grating, mixing,

computing to program, monitor and control their products.

**ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS** - Know the vocabulary: reed switch, toggle switch, push-to-make switch, push-to-break switch, light dependent resistor (LDR), tilt switch, light emitting diode (LED), bulb, bulb holder, battery, battery holder, USB cable, wire, insulator, conductor. crocodile clip control, program, system, input device, output device, series circuit, parallel circuit, sensor, sensor activated alarms, computer controlled electronics, debugging, CAD, algorithm, component

FOOD - Know the vocabulary: name of products, names of equipment, utensils, pastry, techniques and ingredients texture, taste, sweet, sour, hot, spicy, appearance, smell,

their ideas in a variety of ways.
Know how to plan the order of their work, choosing appropriate materials, tools and techniques.

Know that seasons may affect the food available.
Know how food is processed into ingredients that can be eaten or used in cooking.

### MAKE

Know how to select appropriate materials, tools and techniques. Know how to measure and mark out accurately. Know how to use skills in using different tools and equipment safely and accurately. Know how to cut and join with accuracy to ensure a good finish. Know how to select appropriate tools, materials, components and techniques.

mathematical modelling, oral and digital presentations and computer-based tools.

#### **MAKE**

Know how to select from and use specialist tools, techniques, processes, equipment and machinery precisely, including computer-aided manufacture.

Know how to select from and use a wider, more complex range of materials, components and ingredients, taking into account their properties.

### **EVLAUATE**

Know how to analyse the work of past and present professionals and others to develop and broaden their understanding. Know how to investigate new and emerging technologies. Know how to test, evaluate and refine

spreading, kneading and baking.
Know that a healthy diet is made up from a variety and balance of different food and drink.
Know that to be active

Know that to be active and healthy, food and drink are needed to provide energy for the body.

#### **EVALUATE**

Know how to evaluate their work both during and at the end of the assignment.
Know how to evaluate their products carrying out appropriate tests.

preference, greasy, moist, cook, fresh, savoury, hygienic, edible, consumer, processed, seasonal, harvested healthy/varied diet, construction, design,

TEXTILES - Know the vocabulary: seam, seam allowance, wadding, reinforce, right side, wrong side, hem, template, pattern pieces, name of textiles and fastenings used, pins, needles, thread, pinking shears, fastenings.

Know how to assemble to make working models. Know how to use tools safely and accurately. Know how to construct products using permanent joining techniques. Know how to make modifications as they go along. Know how to pin, sew and stitch materials together create a product. Know how to achieve a quality product. Know how to weigh and measure accurately (time, dry ingredients. liquids) Know how to apply

the rules for basic

other safe practices

e.g. hazards relating

to the use of ovens

**Know that recipes** 

can be adapted to

appearance, taste,

texture and aroma.

change the

food hygiene and

products against a specification, taking into account the views of intended users and other interested groups. Know how to understand developments in design and technology, its impact on individuals, society and the environment, and the responsibilities of designers, engineers and technologists.

their ideas and

TECHNICAL KNOWLEDGE Know how to use the properties of materials and the performance of structural elements to achieve functioning solutions. Know how more advanced mechanical systems used in their products enable changes in movement and force. Know how more advanced electrical and electronic systems can

Know that different food and drink contain different substances – nutrients, water and fibre – that are needed for health.

EVALUATE

Know how to evaluate their products, identifying strengths and areas for development, and carrying out appropriate tests.
Know how to record their evaluations using drawings with labels.
Know how to evaluate against their original criteria and suggest ways that their product could be improved.

be powered and used in their products [for example, circuits with heat, light, sound and movement as inputs and outputs]. Know how to apply computing and use electronics to embed intelligence in products that respond to inputs [for example, sensors], and control outputs [for example, actuators], using programmable components [for example, microcontrollers].

FOOD and NUTRITION:
Know how to apply the principles of nutrition and health.
Know how to cook a repertoire of predominantly savoury dishes so that they are able to feed themselves and others a healthy and varied diet.
Know how to become competent in a range of cooking techniques

	[for example, selecting and preparing ingredients; using utensils and electrical equipment; applying heat in different ways; using awareness of taste, texture and smell to decide how to season dishes and combine ingredients; adapting and using their own recipes].  Know the source, seasonality and characteristics of a
	seasonality and characteristics of a broad range of ingredients.